#### § 176.174

- (b) As used in paragraph (a) of this section, *splice* means any repair of a freight container main structural member which replaces material, except complete replacement of the member.
- (c) All shipments of Class 1 (explosive) materials except those in Division 1.4 (explosive) must be accompanied by a statement, which may appear on the shipping paper, certifying that the freight container or the vehicle is structurally serviceable as defined in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

[Amdt. 176–30, 55 FR 52696, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 66 FR 45384, Aug. 28, 2001; 74 FR 2268, Jan. 14, 2009]

## § 176.174 Transport of Class 1 (explosive) materials in shipborne barges.

- (a) Fixed magazines may be built within a shipboard barge. Freight containers may be used as magazines within a barge.
- (b) Shipborne barges may be used for the carriage of all types of Class 1 (explosive) materials. When carrying Class 1 (explosive) materials requiring special stowage, the following requirements apply:
- (1) Class 1 (explosive) materials in compatibility group G or H must be stowed in freight containers.
- (2) Class 1 (explosive) materials in compatibility group K or L must be stowed in steel magazines.
- (c) Class 1 (explosive) materials of different compatibility groups may not be stowed within the same shipborne barge unless under §176.144(b) of this subpart they are authorized to be stowed in the same compartment.

[Amdt. 176–30, 55 FR 52696, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 69 FR 76185, Dec. 20, 2004]

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Handling Class 1 (Explosive)} \\ \text{Materials in Port} \end{array}$ 

### §176.176 Signals.

When Class 1 (explosive) materials are being loaded, handled, or unloaded on a vessel, the vessel must exhibit the following signals:

- (a) By day, flag "B" (Bravo) of the international code of signals; and
- (b) By night, an all-round fixed red light.

#### §176.178 Mooring lines.

- (a) All lines used in mooring the vessel must be of sufficient strength, type, and number for the size of the vessel and local conditions.
- (b) While the vessel is moored or anchored in a port area, towing wires of adequate size and length must be properly secured to mooring bits at the bow and stern ready for immediate use with the towing eyes passed outboard and kept at about water level.
- (c) The mooring arrangements must be such that the vessel can be released quickly in an emergency.

#### §176.180 Watchkeeping.

Whenever Class 1 (explosive) materials are on board a vessel in port, there must be sufficient crew on board to maintain a proper watch and to operate the propulsion and firefighting equipment in case of an emergency.

# § 176.182 Conditions for handling on board ship.

- (a) Weather conditions. Class 1 (explosive) materials may not be handled in weather conditions which may seriously increase the hazards presented by the Class 1 (explosive) materials. During electrical storms, cargo operations must be halted and all hatches containing Class 1 (explosive) materials must be closed.
- (b) Darkness. Class 1 (explosive) materials may not be handled on board a vessel during the hours of darkness unless prior consent has been obtained from the COTP.
- (c) Lighting. The area where Class 1 (explosive) materials are handled, or where preparations are being made to handle Class 1 (explosive) materials, must be illuminated with lighting that is sufficient to safely perform the handling operation.
- (d) Protective equipment. (1) A sufficient quantity of appropriate protective equipment must be provided for the personnel involved in handling Class 1 (explosive) materials.
- (2) The protective equipment must provide adequate protection against the hazards specific to the Class 1 (explosive) materials handled.
- (e) *Intoxicated persons*. No person under the influence of alcohol or drugs to such an extent that the person's